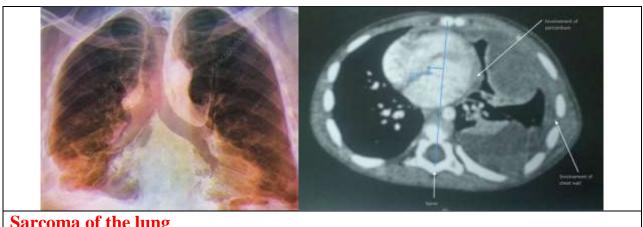
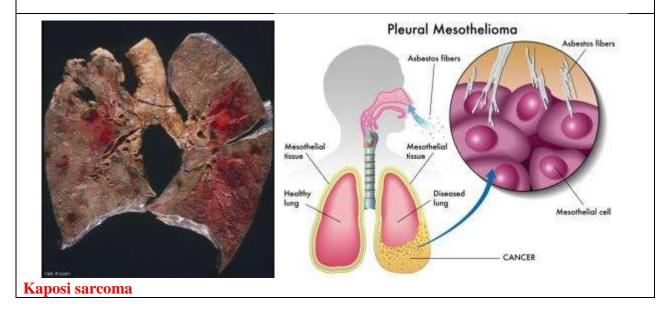
XVI. Diseases of the Respiratory System 189



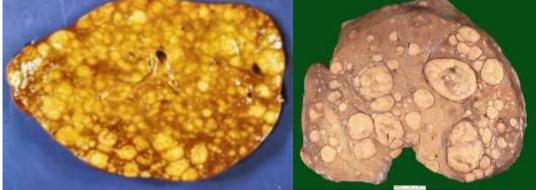
| Sal coma of the lung | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Lung: | Shows a sarcomatous mass infiltrating it (malignancy) | | | |
| | The mass: | • Large | | |
| | | Homogeneous | | |
| | | Opaque white | | |
| | | • Shows foci of: | | |
| | | • Haemorrhage | | |
| | | Necrosis | | |
| | | • Is fleshy | | |
| | | • Infiltrating the lung tissue | | |
| | | • No particular relation to the bronchi. | | |

N.B.:

Histologically, it proved to be a sarcoma. It is a rare tumour in the lung.







| Metastatic Tum | nours (secondaries) II-6.502 | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Lung | Is enlarged | | | |
| | Shows nodular masses on the cut-and-external surfaces | | | |
| Nodular masses: | Scattered foci of tumour tissue | | | |
| | • Numerous | | | |
| | • Variable in size (1–3 cm. in diameter) | | | |
| | Mostly rounded | | | |
| | Well-circumscribed but non-capsulated | | | |
| | • With an area of compressed lung tissue around each | | | |
| | Are mainly subpleural | | | |
| | Opaque pinkish-white | | | |
| | • Firm in consistence | | | |
| Bronchi | Show no infiltration | | | |
| Lymph nodes (hila | <i>r</i>): Are slightly enlarged | | | |
| N.B.: | | | | |
| Metastatic t | tumours in the lung are common. | | | |

The primary tumour may be :

- 1. Sarcoma (in general) and sarcoma of bone and subcutaneous tissue (in particular).
- 2. Malignant melanoma.
- 3. Chorioncarcinoma.
- 4. Hypernephroma --> cannon-ball appearance by X-ray (clear-cut outline).
- 5. Carcinoma of the breast > masses in the peribronchial lymphatics.
- 6. Carcinoma of pancreas ---> minute nodules under the pleura.
- 7. Carcinoma of thyroid gland.
- 8. Embryonal adenosarcoma of the kidney (Wilm's tumour).
- 9. Carcinoma of the stomach, of colon, or of various other organs.

| Brain, metassipises Fore tasse Paulo Control Contro | What is metastatic lung cancer? |
|--|---|
| Metastases | |
| Lung | Is enlargedShows nodules on the external and cut surfaces |
| | Nodules Masses of tumour tissue. Numerous Uniform in size (with little variations) Spherical (rounded) Well-defined Opaque whitish-pink Firm in consistence |
| Lymph nodes (hilar) N.B. | Show no particular gross change |

• Metastases are usually: Multiple, discrete, rounded and nodular.

